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CLAIMS

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1. A method of screening or testing for candidate anti-fungal compounds that impair ATP(CTP):tRNA nucleotidyltransferase enzyme (CCA1) function, comprising:

- 5 a) providing fungal CCA1;
 - b) providing one or more candidate compounds;
 - c) contacting said CCA1 with said one or more candidate compounds; and
 - d) determining the interaction of the candidate compound with said CCA1.
- 10 2. A method according to claim 1 wherein the CCA1 comprises a fragment, a function-conservative variant, an active fragment or a fusion protein of CCA1.
 - 3. A method according to any one of claims 1 or 2, wherein the fungal CCA1 is from fungus of Candida or Aspergillus species.
 - 4. A modified eukaryotic cell(s) wherein the cell(s) expresses fungal CCA1 under the control of a heterologous promoter.
 - 5. The cell according to claim 4 which is a C. albicans cell.
- 6. The cell according to any one of claims 4 or 5, wherein the CCA1 is homologous.
 - 7. The cell according to any one of claims 4 to 5, wherein the CCA1 comprises a fragment, a function-conservative variant, an active fragment or a fusion protein of CCA1.
 - 8. A method of screening or testing for candidate anti-fungal compounds that impair ATP(CTP):tRNA nucleotidyltransferase enzyme (CCA1) function, comprising:
 - a) providing fungal CCA1 in a eukaryotic cell(s) as defined in any one of claims 4 to 7;
 - b) providing one or more candidate compounds;
- 30 c) contacting said eukaryotic cell(s) with said one or more candidate compounds; and
 - d) determining the interaction of the candidate compound with said CCA1 by assessing the effect on growth or viability of said cells.
- 9. A compound identified by the method of claims 1, 2, 3 or 8, which impairs CCA1 function for use as an antifungal compound.
 - 10. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a CCA1 inhibitor and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 40 11. Candida or Aspergillus CCA1 as a specific target for antifungal compounds.
 - 12. The use of a CCA1 inhibitor, in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of fungal infections.
- 45 13. The use of a CCA1 inhibitor, in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of fungal infections in a subject who is immunosuppressed.

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14. The use according to claim 12 or 13 wherein the fungal infection is a topical, mucosal or systemic fungal infection.

- 5 15. The use according to claim 14 wherein the topical or mucosal fungal infection is caused by species of *Candida* or the systemic fungal infection is caused by species of *Candida* or *Aspergillus*.
 - 16. The use according to any one of claims 12 to 15 wherein said compound impairs fungal CCA1 function to a greater extent than host CCA1 function.